

What is claimed is:

1. In a digital optical network, a method of buffering and reading path overhead bytes, comprising:

5 identifying a plurality of path overhead bytes as they are received;
determining a signal number (S#) for each of said path overhead bytes;
determining a path overhead number (P#) for each of said path overhead bytes;
storing said path overhead bytes, signal numbers (S#), and path overhead numbers (P#) into a RAM FIFO buffer, wherein the RAM FIFO comprises a plurality of entries,
10 each entry comprising a first section for storing a path overhead byte, a second section for storing a signal number (S#), and a third section for storing a path overhead number (P#);
and

reading said entries from the RAM FIFO, wherein said entries are stored and read from the RAM FIFO in accordance with a first-in-first-out (FIFO) protocol.

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2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

incrementing a first counter each time one of said path overhead bytes is stored in one of said entries;

incrementing a second counter for each entry that is read;

20 determining when a difference in values between said first counter and said second counter reaches a specified value (N);

generating an interrupt signal when the difference reaches N;

transmitting the interrupt signal to a processor; and

initiating said step of reading when the interrupt signal is received by the

25 processor.

3. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

incrementing a first counter each time one of said path overhead bytes is stored in one of said entries;

30 incrementing a second counter for each entry that is read;

periodically polling said first and second counters at specified time intervals to

determine a difference in values between the first and second counters; and
initiating said step of reading when the difference reaches a specified value.

4. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of reading comprises burst mode reading
5 of entries from said RAM FIFO.

5. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of reading comprises direct memory
access (DMA) reading of entries from said RAM FIFO.

10 6. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of storing comprises storing only path
overhead bytes meeting desired criteria, wherein said desired criteria includes any
combination of said signal numbers (S#) and said path overhead numbers (P#).

7. In a digital optical network, a method of buffering and reading path overhead
15 bytes, comprising:
identifying a plurality of path overhead bytes as they are received;
determining a signal number (S#) for each of said path overhead bytes;
determining a path overhead number (P#) for each of said path overhead bytes;
storing a first subset of said path overhead bytes, signal numbers (S#), and path
20 overhead numbers (P#) in a first RAM FIFO buffer, wherein the first RAM FIFO
includes a plurality of entries, each entry comprising a first section for storing a
respective path overhead byte, a second section for storing at least a portion of a
respective signal number (S#), and a third section for storing a respective path overhead
number (P#), wherein said first subset of path overhead bytes have signal numbers
25 corresponding to a first set of values;
storing a second subset of said path overhead bytes, signal numbers (S#), and path
overhead numbers (P#) in a second RAM FIFO buffer, wherein the second RAM FIFO
includes a plurality of entries, each entry comprising a first section for storing a
respective path overhead byte, a second section for storing at least a portion of a
30 respective signal number (S#), and a third section for storing a respective path overhead
number (P#), wherein said second subset of path overhead bytes have signal numbers

corresponding to a second set of values; and

reading said entries from the first and second RAM FIFOs, wherein entries are stored and read from each respective first and second RAM FIFO in accordance with a first-in-first-out (FIFO) protocol.

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8. The method of claim 7 wherein said step of reading comprises reading said first and second RAM FIFOs in parallel.

9. The method of claim 7 wherein said step of reading comprises burst mode reading
10 said first and second RAM FIFOs in parallel.

10. The method of claim 7 wherein said step of reading comprises direct memory access (DMA) reading said first and second RAM FIFOs in parallel.

11. The method of claim 7 wherein said steps of storing comprise storing only path
15 overhead bytes meeting desired criteria into said respective first and second RAM FIFOs, wherein said desired criteria includes any combination of said signal numbers (S#) and said path overhead numbers (P#).

12. An apparatus for buffering path overhead bytes, comprising a RAM FIFO buffer
20 having a plurality of entries, each entry comprising a first section for storing a path overhead byte, a second section for storing a signal number (S#) and a third section for storing a path overhead number (P#).

13. The apparatus of claim 12 wherein each entry of said plurality of entries
25 comprises sixteen bits of storage capacity, said first section comprises eight bits of storage capacity, said second section comprises four bits of storage capacity, and said third section comprises four bits of storage capacity.

14. The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising:
30 a first counter that is incremented each time one of said path overhead bytes is

stored in one of said entries; and

a second counter that is incremented for each of said entries that is read from said RAM FIFO.

5 15. An apparatus for buffering path overhead bytes, comprising:

a first RAM FIFO buffer having a first plurality of entries for storing a first set of path overhead bytes, wherein each of said first plurality of entries comprises a first section for storing a path overhead byte, a second section for storing at least a portion of a signal number (S#), and a third section for storing a path overhead number (P#); and

10 a second RAM FIFO buffer having a second plurality of entries for storing a second set of path overhead bytes, wherein each of said second plurality of entries comprises a first section for storing a path overhead byte, a second section for storing at least a portion of a signal number (S#), and a third section for storing a path overhead number (P#), wherein said first set of path overhead bytes correspond to a first set of
15 signal numbers and said second set of path overhead bytes correspond to a second set of signal numbers.

16. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein each entry of said first and second plurality of entries comprises sixteen bits of storage capacity, each of said first sections comprises
20 eight bits of storage capacity, each of said second sections comprises four bits of storage capacity, and each of said third sections comprises four bits of storage capacity.

17. The apparatus of claim 18 further comprising:

25 a first counter that is incremented each time data an entry is stored in one of said first and second RAM FIFOs; and

a second counter that is incremented for each entry that is read from said first and second RAM FIFOs.